VIRGINIA IT AGENCY

Electronic Participation Policy



The following is the remote or electronic participation policy of the Information Technology Advisory Council (ITAC).

Member Remote Participation

Individual ITAC members may participate in meetings of ITAC by electronic communication means to the full extent permitted by applicable law, including § 2.2-3708.3 of the Code of Virginia. (As of December 2022, when such individual participation is due to a personal matter, such participation is limited by law to two meetings per calendar year or 25 percent of the meetings held per calendar year rounded up to the next whole number, whichever is greater.)

This shall apply to the entire membership and without regard to the identity of the member requesting remote participation or the matters that will be considered or voted on at the meeting.

Whenever a member wishes to participate from a remote location, the law requires a quorum of ITAC to be physically assembled at the primary or central meeting location.

Virtual Meetings

ITAC may hold all-virtual public meetings to the full extent permitted by applicable law, including Virginia Code § 2.2-3708.3(C). (As of December 2022, such all-virtual public meetings are limited by law to two meetings per calendar year or 25 percent of the meetings held per calendar year rounded up to the next whole number, whichever is greater, and may not be held consecutively with another all-virtual public meeting.)

Requests

Requests for remote participation or that ITAC conduct an all-virtual public meeting shall be conveyed to VITA staff who shall then relay such requests to the Chair of the ITAC.

The Chair shall approve individual participation from a remote location unless a member asserts that such participation would violate this policy or the provisions of the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (Va. Code § 2.2-3700 *et seq.*). If a member's participation from a remote location is challenged, then ITAC shall vote whether to allow such participation.

The request for remote participation or that ITAC conduct an all-virtual public meeting shall be recorded in the minutes of the meeting. If ITAC votes to disapprove of the member's participation because such participation would violate this policy, such disapproval shall be recorded in the minutes with specificity. The minutes shall include other information as required by law (see Va. Code §§ 2.2-3707 and 2.2-3708.3), depending on the type of remote participation or all-virtual public meeting.

The following additional explanation is intended to be informative as to current requirements and is not required by this policy independent of the requirements of law.

Additional Explanation of Current Requirements for Remote Participation by Members

When a meeting is scheduled to be held in person, there are four circumstances set out in subsection B of § 2.2-3708.3 where individual members of ITAC may participate from a remote location instead of participating in person. In order to use these provisions, the member must notify the chair of the public body of one of the following four reasons for remote participation:

- 1. The member has a temporary or permanent disability or other medical condition that prevents the member's physical attendance;
- 2. A medical condition of a member of the member's family requires the member to provide care that prevents the member's physical attendance;
- 3. The member's principal residence is more than 60 miles from the meeting location identified in the required notice for such meeting; or
- 4. The member is unable to attend the meeting due to a personal matter and identifies with specificity the nature of the personal matter. However, the member may not use remote participation due to personal matters more than two meetings per calendar year or 25 percent of the meetings held per calendar year rounded up to the next whole number, whichever is greater.

The limitations to two meetings per calendar year or 25 percent of the meetings held per calendar year does not apply to the first three types of remote participation (member's disability or medical condition, need to provide medical care for a family member or principal residence distance from the meeting location), it only applies when the member participates due to personal matter.

Additional Explanation of Current Requirements for Minutes

- If an individual member remotely participates in a meeting, a general description of the
 remote location must be included in the minutes (it does not need to be an exact
 address—for example, the minutes might read that "[Member] participated from his
 home in [locality]" or that "[Member] participated from her office in [locality]."). The
 remote location does not have to be open to the public.
- If a member remotely participates due to a (i) temporary or permanent disability or other medical condition that prevented the member's physical attendance or (ii) family member's medical condition that required the member to provide care for such family member, thereby preventing the member's physical attendance, that fact must be included in the minutes. While the fact that a disability or medical condition prevents the member's physical attendance must be recorded in the minutes, it is not required to identify the specific disability or medical condition.
- If a member remotely participates because the member's principal residence is more than 60 miles from the meeting location, the minutes must include that fact.

- If a member remotely participates due to a personal matter, the minutes must include the specific nature of the personal matter cited by the member.
- As stated above, if remote participation by a member is disapproved because it would violate the participation policy adopted by the public body, such disapproval must be recorded in the minutes with specificity. Note that even if remote participation is disapproved, the member may continue to monitor the meeting from the remote location but may not participate and may not be counted as present at the meeting.

Examples of disability or medical condition that prevents physical attendance:

- Temporary hospitalization or confinement to home;
- Contagious illness; or
- Any temporary or permanent physical disability that physically prevents travel to the meeting location.

Examples of personal matters that may prevent physical attendance:

- Flat tire or other mechanical failure on the way to the meeting;
- · Traffic congestion or stoppage;
- Personal, family, or business emergency;
- Blizzard, flood, or other severe weather conditions that prevent travel to the meeting location;
- · Business trip;
- · Family trip; or
- Scheduling conflict.

Additional Explanation of Current Requirements for All-Virtual Meetings

The provisions under Virginia Code § 2.2-3708.3(C) and the following must be met for all-virtual meetings.

- An indication of whether the meeting will be an in-person or all-virtual public meeting is included in the required meeting notice along with a statement notifying the public that the method by which a public body chooses to meet shall not be changed unless the public body provides a new meeting notice in accordance with the provisions of § 2.2-3707;
- Public access to the all-virtual public meeting is provided via electronic communication means;
- The electronic communication means used allows the public to hear all members of the public body participating in the all-virtual public meeting and, when audio-visual technology is available, to see the members of the public body as well;
- 4. A phone number or other live contact information is provided to alert the public body if the audio or video transmission of the meeting provided by the public body fails, the public body monitors such designated means of communication during the meeting, and the public body takes a recess until public access is restored if the transmission fails for the public;
- A copy of the proposed agenda and all agenda packets and, unless exempt, all
 materials furnished to members of a public body for a meeting is made available to the
 public in electronic format at the same time that such materials are provided to
 members of the public body;

- The public is afforded the opportunity to comment through electronic means, including by way of written comments, at those public meetings when public comment is customarily received;
- 7. No more than two members of the public body are together in any one remote location unless that remote location is open to the public to physically access it;
- If a closed session is held during an all-virtual public meeting, transmission of the meeting to the public resumes before the public body votes to certify the closed meeting as required by subsection D of § 2.2-3712;
- 9. The public body does not convene an all-virtual public meeting (i) more than two times per calendar year or 25 percent of the meetings held per calendar year rounded up to the next whole number, whichever is greater, or (ii) consecutively with another allvirtual public meeting; and
- 10. Minutes of all-virtual public meetings held by electronic communication means are taken as required by § 2.2-3707 and include the fact that the meeting was held by electronic communication means and the type of electronic communication means by which the meeting was held. If a member's participation from a remote location pursuant to these requirements is disapproved because such participation would violate the policy adopted pursuant to subsection D of § 2.2-3708.3, such disapproval shall be recorded in the minutes with specificity.

If an individual member had already reached his limit on participation due to personal matters, but the public body scheduled an all-virtual public meeting, the member could still participate in all virtual public meeting because these numerical limits are counted separately for the different types of electronic meetings.