

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA



Information Technology Resource Management (ITRM)

PUBLIC SAFETY ANSWERING POINT (PSAP) AND EMERGENCY SERVICE BOUNDARIES GEOSPATIAL DATA STANDARD

VIRGINIA INFORMATION TECHNOLOGIES AGENCY (VITA)

VIRGINIA GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION NETWORK (VGIN)

Reviews

- Agency and or peer review was provided for agencies and other interested parties via series of Internet based forum of local and state government technologists.

Publication Version Control

Questions related to this publication should be directed to EA@vita.virginia.gov

This following table contains a history of revisions to this publication.

Version	Date	Revision Description
0.0	09/21/2017	Original standard

Identifying Changes in This Document

- See the latest entry in the revision table above.
- Vertical lines in the left margin indicate the paragraph has changes or additions. Specific changes in wording are noted using italics and underlines; with italics only indicating new/added language and italics that are underlined indicating language that has changed.

The following examples demonstrate how the reader may identify requirement and recommend practice updates and changes:

EXA-R-01 **Example with No Change** – The text is the same. The text is the same.
The text is the same.

EXA-R-02 **Example with Revision** – The text is the same. *A wording change, update or clarification is made in this text.*

EXA-R-03 **Example of New Text** – *This language is new.*

~~**EXA-R-04** **Technology Standard Example of Deleted Standard** – This standard was rescinded on mm/dd/yyyy.~~

Preface

Publication Designation

PSAP and Emergency Service Boundaries Geospatial Data Standard (OTH 705-00)

Subject

Emergency Service Boundaries

Effective Date

09/21/2017

Compliance Date

09/21/2017

Supersedes

N/A

Scheduled Review:

This standard shall be reviewed on an annual basis.

Authority

Code of Virginia, §2.2-225 (Powers and duties of the Secretary of Technology (SoTech))

Code of Virginia, §2.2-2007 (Powers of the CIO)

Code of Virginia, §2.2-2027, (Powers and Duties of the Virginia Geographic Information Network Division)

Code of Virginia, §2.2-2031, (Powers and Duties of the Public Safety Communications Division)

Code of Virginia, §56-484.14, (Powers and Duties of the 9-1-1 Services Board)

Scope

This standard is applicable to all Executive Branch state agencies and institutions of higher education (hereinafter collectively referred to as "agencies") that are responsible for the management, development, purchase and use of information technology resources in the Commonwealth of Virginia. This standard does not apply to research projects, research initiatives or instructional programs at public institutions of higher education.

Purpose

This standard establishes direction and technical requirements which govern the acquisition, use and management of information technology resources by executive branch agencies.

Chief Information Officer of the Commonwealth (CIO)

Develops and approves statewide technical and data policies, standards and guidelines for information technology and related systems.

Virginia Information Technologies Agency (VITA)

At the direction of the CIO, VITA leads efforts that draft, review and update technical and data policies, standards, and guidelines for information technology and related systems. VITA uses requirements in IT technical and data related policies and standards when establishing contracts; reviewing procurement requests, agency IT projects, budget requests and strategic plans; and when developing and managing IT related services.

Information Technology Advisory Council (ITAC)

Advises the CIO and Secretary of Technology on the development, adoption and update of statewide technical and data policies, standards and guidelines for information technology and related systems.

Executive Branch Agencies

Provide input and review during the development, adoption and update of statewide technical and data policies, standards and guidelines for information technology and related systems. Comply with the requirements established by COV policies and standards. Apply for exceptions to requirements and standards when necessary.

Related ITRM Policies, Standards, and Guidelines

Current version of ITRM Standard:

GIS Data Standards, 3/14/2015 (VITA-VGIN)
[VGIN Administrative Boundary Data Standard \(OTH 702-00\)](#) (09/01/2015)

[Road Centerline Data Standard \(OTH 703-00\)](#) (03/22/2016)

Virginia Address Point Data Standard (OTH 704-00) (09/21/2017)

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1. Background

2 The Virginia Information Technologies Agency (VITA) and the VITA Integrated Services
3 Program (VITA-ISP), including the Virginia Geographic Information Network (VGIN) Division,
4 and Public Safety Communications (PSC) Division have produced this document to provide
5 guidance for the development and maintenance of statewide Emergency Service Boundary
6 datasets. The creation of the datasets mentioned in this standard are a necessary
7 foundation to support Next Generation 9-1-1 (NG9-1-1) technologies which utilize
8 GIS-based call routing.
9

10 NG9-1-1 is an Internet Protocol (IP) based system comprised of managed Emergency
11 Services IP networks (ESInets), functional elements (applications), and databases that
12 replicate traditional E9-1-1 features and functions and provides additional capabilities.
13 NG9-1-1 is designed to provide access to emergency services from all connected
14 communications sources, and provide multimedia data capabilities to Public Safety
15 Answering Points (PSAPs) and other emergency service organizations
16 (www.nena.org/resource/resmgr/ng9-1-1_project/whatisng911.pdf).
17

18 The National Emergency Number Association (NENA) specializes in standardizing data to be
19 used in public safety systems for the purpose of emergency response. The NENA DRAFT
20 NG9-1-1 GIS Data Model is a NENA standard (NENA-STA-006 DRAFT) and was used as the
21 authoritative basis for this document. STA-006 states that Public Safety Answering Point
22 boundaries (hereafter referred to as PSAP boundaries) and Emergency Service Boundaries
23 for fire, EMS and police/law enforcement response areas are a required for use by NG9-1-1
24 systems.
25

26 While this document closely includes the required components of NENA-STA-006, it also
27 includes some additional fields that will be helpful in coordinating a migration from current
28 9-1-1. These additional fields will support PSAPs as they plan and implement deployment of
29 NG9-1-1 technologies.
30

31 2. Purpose and Scope

32 The Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) and Emergency Service Boundary Geospatial Data
33 Standard implements, as a Commonwealth ITRM Standard, the data file naming
34 conventions, coordinate systems, geometry, attributes, dataset type and specifications for
35 the dataset depicting PSAP and other emergency service boundaries in Virginia. The
36 standard is applicable to commonwealth local governments and state agencies and serves
37 as the data source of record at the state level for PSAP boundary spatial features within the
38 Commonwealth of Virginia. This layer depicts the polygons and related attribute information
39 that defines the geographic areas of PSAP and emergency service boundaries within the
40 Commonwealth of Virginia.

41
42 **PSAP Boundaries** - Each PSAP Boundary defines the geographic area of a PSAP that has
43 primary responsibilities for an emergency request. A geographic location can only have one
44 designated PSAP. This layer is a required layer in the NENA NG9-1-1 GIS Data Model and
45 will be used by the NG9-1-1 Emergency Call Routing Function (ECRF) to perform a
46 geographic query to determine to which PSAP an emergency request is routed. An
47 emergency request is routed using the NG9-1-1 Core Services based upon the geographic
48 location of the request (a point), and the PSAP boundary polygon in which the point is
49 located.

50
51 **Emergency Service Boundaries** – Each emergency service boundary defines the
52 geographic area of responsibility of an emergency service agency (fire, EMS, law
53 enforcement). This information is used today by Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD) systems
54 within PSAPs to correctly identify the primary response agencies. This same data may be
55 used within NG9-1-1 systems to support “selective transfer” functionality when the call
56 needs to be transferred to another agency. Currently, this layer is required by the NENA
57 NG9-1-1 GIS Data Model.

58
59 The Virginia Geographic Information Network (VGIN) is coordinating the development and
60 maintenance of the statewide PSAP and Emergency Service boundary datasets in
61 conjunction with local governments across the Commonwealth in order to create a seamless
62 georeferenced database accessible feature class containing these boundaries.

63 3. Developing PSAP and Emergency Service Boundaries

64 While PSAP boundaries can be aggregated from locality GIS and related 9-1-1 datasets,
65 most localities do not have a dedicated PSAP boundary. In many cases, the boundary can
66 be approximated by the boundary depicted in the Virginia Administrative Boundary dataset
67 (OTH-702-00). However, there are locations where adjacent PSAPs in Virginia have adjusted
68 their shared PSAP boundaries in order to facilitate 9-1-1 call processing and emergency
69 response. When developing the PSAP boundary dataset, it will be important to take into
70 account both of these scenarios.

71
72 However, most localities have emergency service boundary datasets depicting fire, ems and
73 law enforcement response areas. These boundaries are typically used by CAD systems
74 within the PSAP. The statewide boundary dataset can make use of these existing local
75 response agency service boundaries.

76

77 **3.1. PSAP Boundary Dataset Publication Format**

78 **File and Feature Naming Conventions**

Dataset Published Title (Release in YYYY Format)	"Virginia NG9-1-1 Service Boundary Dataset YYYYMM"
Dataset Type	ESRI-compatible File Geodatabase
Feature Geodatabase File Name	"VA_NG911_SERVICE_BOUNDARY_POLYGONS"
Geodatabase Feature Classes	"VA_PSAPS" – Contains NG9-1-1 compliant geometry and attribute information for PSAPs in Virginia "VA_RESPONSE_AGENCY_POLICE" – Contains NG9-1-1 compliant geometry and attribute information for police response agencies in Virginia "VA_RESPONSE_AGENCY_FIRE" – Contains NG9-1-1 compliant geometry and attribute information for fire response agencies in Virginia "VA_RESPONSE_AGENCY_EMS" – Contains NG9-1-1 compliant geometry and attribute information for EMS response agencies in Virginia

79 **Coordinate Systems and Geometry**

Projected Coordinate System	Lambert Conformal Conic Virginia
Geographic Coordinate System	GCS North American 1983
Geometry Type	ESRI Polygon

80

81 **3.2. Dataset Schema**

82 NENA-STA-006 defines the required data schema for PSAP and emergency service
 83 boundaries used for NG9-1-1. As a result, all fields from the NENA standard are also
 84 included in this document. Additional preliminary work from NENA has identified that the
 85 fields from the schema can be broken into two categories. The first category includes fields
 86 from the schema that can be populated by 9-1-1 authorities and states as they prepare for
 87 NG9-1-1 (prior to working with their NG9-1-1 Service Provider). The second category
 88 includes the remaining fields that will require coordination with and assistance from the
 89 NG9-1-1 Service Provider once that service provider is selected.

90 Please note that the Mandatory/Optional column in the table below refers to the
 91 requirements of the NENA NG9-1-1 GIS Data Model. All fields below from the NENA GIS
 92 Data Model have been included in this data standard.
 93

94 **PSAP Boundary Data Schema**

95

Descriptive Name	Field Name	Mandatory / Optional	Type	Field Width	Source of Attribution
Source of Data	Source	Mandatory	Alphanumeric	75	Local/State
Date Updated	DateUpdate	Mandatory	Date	20	Local/State
Display Name	DsplayName	Mandatory	Alphanumeric	60	Local/State
State	State	Mandatory	Alphanumeric	2	Local/State
Effective Date	Effective	Optional	Date	20	Local/State
Expiration Date	Expire	Optional	Date	20	Local/State
Service URN	ServiceURN	Mandatory	Alphanumeric	50	Local/State
Service Number	ServiceNum	Optional	Alphanumeric	15	Local/State
Emergency Service Boundary NENA	ES_NGUID	Mandatory	Alphanumeric	100	NG9-1-1 Service Provider
Agency ID	Agency_ID	Mandatory	Alphanumeric	100	NG9-1-1 Service Provider
Service URI	ServiceURI	Mandatory	Alphanumeric	254	NG9-1-1 Service Provider
Agency vCard URI	AVcard_URI	Mandatory	Alphanumeric	254	NG9-1-1 Service Provider
FCC PSAP ID	FCCID_PSAP	Mandatory VA Standard	Integer	4	Local/State

96

97 **Emergency Service Boundary Data Schema**

98

Descriptive Name	Field Name	Mandatory / Optional	Type	Field Width	Source of Attribution
Source of Data	Source	Mandatory	Alphanumeric	75	Local/State
Date Updated	DateUpdate	Mandatory	Date	20	Local/State
Display Name	DsplayName	Mandatory	Alphanumeric	60	Local/State
State	State	Mandatory	Alphanumeric	2	Local/State
Effective Date	Effective	Optional	Date	20	Local/State
Expiration Date	Expire	Optional	Date	20	Local/State
Service URN	ServiceURN	Mandatory	Alphanumeric	50	Local/State
Service Number	ServiceNum	Optional	Alphanumeric	15	Local/State
Emergency Service Boundary NENA	ES_NGUID	Mandatory	Alphanumeric	100	NG9-1-1 Service Provider
Agency ID	Agency_ID	Mandatory	Alphanumeric	100	NG9-1-1 Service Provider
Service URI	ServiceURI	Mandatory	Alphanumeric	254	NG9-1-1 Service Provider
Agency vCard URI	AVcard_URI	Mandatory	Alphanumeric	254	NG9-1-1 Service Provider

99

100

101 3.3. Field Descriptions, Definitions and Domains

102 **Note:** With the exception of FCC PSAP ID, all other fields were taken from the December
103 2016 draft of the NENA NG9-1-1 GIS Data Model.

104 **Source of Data**

106 **Description:** Agency that last updated the record, usually the name of the 9-1-1
107 Authority. This MAY be represented by the domain name of the agency.

108 **Domain:** None

109 **Example:** New River Valley, Eastern Shore

110 **Date Updated**

112 **Description:** The UTC date and time that the record was created or last modified.
113 This value SHOULD be populated upon modifications to attributes, geometry or both.

114 **Domain:** Restricted to ISO 8601 compliant values in Coordinated Universal Time
115 (UTC). Values are not allowed to be in the future.

116 **Example:** 2017-04-26T18:31:29-04 (representing a record updated on April 26,
117 2017 at 2:31 and 29 seconds PM US Eastern Daylight Time)

118 **Display Name**

120 **Description:** A description or "name" of the service provider that offers services
121 within the area of a PSAP or an Emergency Service Boundary. This value MUST be
122 suitable for display to human users.

123 **Domain:** None

124 **Example:** New York Police Department; Med-Life Ambulance Services

125 **State**

127 **Description:** The name of a state or state equivalent, represented by the two-letter
128 abbreviation given in USPS Publication 28 [12], Appendix B.

129 **Domain:** ISO 3166-2 includes the same abbreviations as USPS Publication 28,
130 Appendix B, with the exception of the additional one for the nine minor uninhabited
131 islands owned by the US: These abbreviations are also freely available
132 at https://www.census.gov/geo/reference/ansi_statetables.html

133 **Example:** VA; DC; KY; MD; NC; TN; WV

134 **Emergency Service Boundary NENA Globally Unique ID**

136 **Description:** The NENA globally unique ID for each Emergency Service Boundary
137 and PSAP Boundary. Each record in the Emergency Service Boundary layer and the
138 PSAP Boundary layer must have a globally unique ID. When coalescing data from
139 other local 9-1-1 Authorities into the ECRF and LVF, this unique ID MUST continue to
140 have only one occurrence. One way to accomplish this is to append the 9-1-1
141 Authority's domain to the end of the internally calculated feature ID. Emergency
142 Service Boundary data is unique in that the data fields and their attributes are only a
143 template to be reused for each Emergency Service Boundary. For the Emergency
144 Service Boundary there may be a separate dataset for Law, Fire, and EMS, and other
145 Emergency Services such as Poison Control, Forest Service, Coast Guard, and
146 potentially many others.

147 **Domain:** None

148 **Example:** It is suggested that the Emergency Service Boundary NENA Globally
149 Unique ID start with the type of emergency service (e.g. EMS, LAW, FIRE, PSAP).

- 150 • Feature ID 243 in the EMS Emergency Service Boundary layer would be
151 represented as EMS243@911Authority_domain.state.us

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- Feature ID 44 in the Law Emergency Service Boundary layer would be represented as LAW44@911Authority_domain.state.us
 - Feature ID 18 in the Fire Emergency Service Boundary layer would be represented as FIRE18@911Authority_domain.state.us
 - Feature ID 7 in the PSAP Boundary layer would be represented as PSAP7@911Authority_domain.state.us

158 **NOTE:** When an Emergency Service Boundary or PSAP Boundary crosses into one or
159 more states, the Emergency Service Boundary SHOULD be split at the State
160 boundary or State equivalent with the State and the Emergency Service Boundary
161 NENA Globally Unique ID being the only difference in the attributes.
162

163 Agency ID

164 **Description:** A Domain Name System (DNS) domain name which is used to uniquely
165 identify the agency represented by the boundary.

166 **Domain:** MUST be a registered DNS domain name. See NENA Registry System
167 at: https://www.nena.org/?nena_registry_system

168 **Example:** psap.harriscounty.tx.us
169

170 Service URI

171 **Description:** URI for call routing. This attribute is contained in the Emergency
172 Service Boundary layer and will define the Service URI of the service. The URI is
173 usually a Session Initiation Protocol (e.g. SIP or SIPs) URI but MAY be a telephone
174 number (e.g. tel) URI that defines the route to reach the service.

175 **Domain:** Registered domain name; RFC 1035 (available at
176 <https://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1035.txt>) defines the process to register a domain
177 name.

178 **Example:** sips:sos.psap@eoc.houston.tx.us; <tel:+12025551212>
179

180 Service URN

181 **Description:** The URN used to select the service for which a route is desired. The
182 ECRF is queried with a location and a service URN that returns the Service URI.

183 **Domain:** RFC 5031 defines the Service URN, NENA-STA-010 defines the domain of
184 allowable values

185 **Example:** urn:nena:service:sos.psap is the URN used for PSAP service boundaries

186 **NOTE:** As defined by the NENA standards, PSAP and emergency service boundaries shall be
187 populated with the following values in the in the ServiceURN field:

- 188
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- PSAP – “urn:nena:service:sos.psap”
 - police – “urn:nena:service:responder.police”
 - fire – “urn:nena:service:responder.fire”
 - ems – “urn:nena:service:responder.ems”
- 192

193 Agency vCard URI

194 **Description:** The vCard is a file format standard for electronic business cards. The
195 Agency vCard URI is the internet address of an XML data structure which contains
196 contact information (Name of Agency, Contact phone numbers, etc.) in the form of a
197 vCard (RFC 6350).

198 **Domain:** None

199 **Example:** <http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6350>
200

201 Effective Date

202 **Description:** The UTC date and time that the record is scheduled to take effect.

203 **Domain:** Timestamp as defined in NENA-STA-010 that in turn conforms to W3C
204 dateTime.

205 **Example:** 2010-10-09T13:01:35-04 (representing a record that will become active
206 on October 9, 2010 at 9:01 and 35 seconds AM US Eastern Daylight Time)
207 **NOTE:** This field is used when time and date of a change is known. For example, the
208 time and date an annexation or PSAP consolidation takes effect.
209

210 Expiration Date

211 **Description:** Date when the information in the record is no longer considered valid.
212 **Domain:** TimeStamp as defined in NENA-STA-010 that in turn conforms to W3C
213 dateTime.
214 **Example:** 2010-10-09T13:01:35-04 (representing a record will expire and no longer
215 be valid on October 9, 2010 at 9:01 and 35 seconds AM US Eastern Daylight Time)
216 **NOTE:** This field is used when time and date of a change is known. For example, the
217 time and date an annexation or PSAP consolidation takes effect and the previous
218 boundary is retired.
219

220 Service Number

221 **Description:** The numbers that would be dialed on a 12-digit keypad to reach the
222 emergency service appropriate for the location. This is not the same as an
223 Emergency Service Number (ESN) in Legacy E9-1-1 systems.
224 **Domain:** A dialable number or dial string
225 **Example:** 911
226

227 FCC PSAP ID

228 **Description:** The unique ID assigned to a primary PSAP by the Federal
229 Communications Commission (FCC).
230 **Domain:** A listing of active FCC ID values is available from the FCC website
231 at <https://www.fcc.gov/general/9-1-1-master-psap-registry>. Please note that this
232 listing includes other PSAPS, so only Primary PSAPs will be included in the PSAP
233 Boundaries dataset.
234 **Example:** 7160 (refers to Lynchburg), 7103 (refers to Chesterfield), 7144 (refers to
235 Harrisonburg-Rockingham)
236
237

238 3.4. Creating a Preliminary PSAP Boundary Dataset

239 In legacy 9-1-1 systems, an emergency call for service with a civic address is associated
240 with the Master Street Address Guide (MSAG). The MSAG is a tabular dataset that is
241 maintained and coordinated by the 9-1-1 service provider and the PSAP. As PSAPs prepare
242 for NG9-1-1, it will be necessary to transition from the tabular MSAG to a geospatial dataset
243 that depicts the boundaries of each PSAP. Additionally, as a part of the 2016 VITA-ISP
244 statewide MSAG/ALI/GIS analysis, a draft polygon dataset was created that depicts the
245 following attributes:

- 246
- 247 • MSAG Community
- 248 • Emergency Service Number (ESN)
- 249 • County or County Equivalent (Counties and Independent Cities)
- 250

251 The ESN values depicted in this dataset can be correlated to an individual PSAP and are
252 helpful in creating a PSAP Boundary dataset. Since this dataset also contains a field for
253 County/County Equivalent, it will be possible to identify the locations where the PSAP
254 Boundary may not follow a locality boundary, or where the current extent of a PSAP (as
255 depicted in the MSAG) may need to get updated to depict the proper extent of the PSAP.

256
257 Additionally, the related VITA Address Point Geospatial Data Standard (OTH-705-00)
258 includes a field for PSAP. This enables the statewide address point dataset to be used to
259 assist in visualization of PSAP boundaries, and it may be helpful in this process.

260 3.5. Refining PSAP and Emergency Service Boundaries

261 The draft dataset described in section 2.4 will be used to facilitate discussion between
262 neighboring PSAPs to determine the proper depiction of their shared PSAP boundary. In
263 some cases this may require coordination with a neighboring PSAP in an adjacent state. The
264 process of PSAP boundary refinement will not be described in great detail within this
265 document, but will be a separate process facilitated by VITA-ISP in coordination with PSAPs
266 and GIS offices across the Commonwealth.

267
268 It is strongly recommended that VITA-ISP, PSAPs and GIS offices make every effort to
269 coordinate all related GIS data layers (PSAP boundaries, Emergency Service Boundaries,
270 Address Points, Road Centerlines, Administrative Boundaries). While that process is not
271 currently defined within this standard, coordination between the datasets are currently
272 essential to effective 9-1-1 call processing today and will be a requirement to ensure proper
273 call routing and processing in the NG9-1-1 environment.

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275 4. Metadata

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VA_PSAPS

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File Geodatabase Feature Class

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Summary

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Description

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The Virginia Geographic Information Network (VGIN) coordinates and manages the development of a consistent, seamless, statewide digital PSAP Boundary file that contains PSAP Name, service area, update date and many other components. The NG9-1-1 GIS Data Plan leverages the Commonwealth's investment in the VBMP digital Orthophotography, statewide address points and statewide road centerlines datasets and is focused on creating a single statewide, consistent digital PSAP boundary polygon file. The PSAP Boundary polygon data layer is a dynamic dataset supported and maintained by Virginia's PSAPs and VGIN. Updates will be published at least twice a year, at the same time as other statewide datasets.

295

Credits

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VITA, VGIN, Virginia Localities

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Use Limitations

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This dataset is developed and maintained by the Virginia Geographic Information Network (VGIN) in order to facilitate and support NG9-1-1 deployment planning. While every effort has been made to support the current versions of standards from the National Emergency Number Association (NENA), use of this dataset specifically for NG9-1-1 purposes should be coordinated with the appropriate NG9-1-1 Service Provider. Additionally, portions of this dataset may be exempt from disclosure under the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (FOIA).

Extent

West -83.837899 **East** -75.722738

North 39.471582 **South** 36.524413

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Scale Range

Maximum (zoomed in) 1:5,000

Minimum (zoomed out) 1:150,000,000

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VA_RESPONSE_AGENCY_POLICE

File Geodatabase Feature Class

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Summary

The statewide seamless Police Response Agency is critical to the effective and efficient coordination and delivery of 9-1-1 services and Next Generation 9-1-1 (NG9-1-1) services and is a critical component in the development of spatial data guidelines and standards, supporting the cost-effective sharing of GIS data and expertise across the Commonwealth. For Virginia, this is the primary responding law enforcement agency for a given area (typically a police department or sheriff's office).

Description

The Virginia Geographic Information Network (VGIN) coordinates and manages the development of a consistent, seamless, statewide digital Police Response Agency Service Boundary file that contains Emergency Service Agency Name, service area, update date and many other components. The NG9-1-1 GIS Data Plan leverages the Commonwealth's investment in the VBMP digital Orthophotography, statewide address points and statewide road centerlines datasets and is focused on creating statewide geospatial datasets that support 9-1-1 and NG9-1-1. The Police Response Agency Boundary polygon data layer is a dynamic dataset supported and maintained by Virginia's localities and VGIN. Updates will be published at least twice a year, at the same time as other statewide datasets.

This datasets does NOT depict where law enforcement agencies have jurisdiction. That is defined by the Code of Virginia and applicable law. There may be instances where law enforcement agencies have jurisdiction beyond the areas depicted in this dataset, however this dataset is designed to show the best available data depicting law enforcement agency service areas.

Credits

VITA, VGIN, Virginia Localities

Use Limitations

This dataset is developed and maintained by the Virginia Geographic Information Network (VGIN) in order to facilitate and support NG9-1-1 deployment planning. While every effort has been made to support the current versions of standards from the National Emergency Number Association (NENA), use of this dataset specifically for NG9-1-1 purposes should be coordinated with the appropriate NG9-1-1 Service Provider. Additionally, portions of this dataset may be exempt from disclosure under the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (FOIA).

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North 39.471582 **South** 36.524413

Scale Range

Maximum (zoomed in) 1:5,000
Minimum (zoomed out) 1:150,000,000

VA_RESPONSE_AGENCY_FIRE

File Geodatabase Feature Class

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Summary

The statewide seamless Fire Response Agency is critical to the effective and efficient coordination and delivery of 9-1-1 services and Next Generation 9-1-1 (NG9-1-1) services and is a critical component in the development of spatial data guidelines and standards, supporting the cost-effective sharing of GIS data and expertise across the Commonwealth.

Description

The Virginia Geographic Information Network (VGIN) coordinates and manages the development of a consistent, seamless, statewide digital Fire Response Agency Service Boundary file that contains Emergency Service Agency Name, service area, update date and many other components. The NG9-1-1 GIS Data Plan leverages the Commonwealth's investment in the VBMP digital Orthophotography, statewide address points and statewide road centerlines datasets and is focused on creating statewide geospatial datasets that support 9-1-1 and NG9-1-1. The Fire Response Agency Boundary polygon data layer is a dynamic dataset supported and maintained by Virginia's localities and VGIN. Updates will be published at least twice a year, at the same time as other statewide datasets.

Credits

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Use Limitations

This dataset is developed and maintained by the Virginia Geographic Information Network (VGIN) in order to facilitate and support NG9-1-1 deployment planning. While every effort has been made to support the current versions of standards from the National Emergency Number Association (NENA), use of this dataset specifically for NG9-1-1 purposes should be coordinated with the appropriate NG9-1-1 Service Provider. Additionally, portions of this dataset may be exempt from disclosure under the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (FOIA).

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North 39.471582 **South** 36.524413

Scale Range

Maximum (zoomed in) 1:5,000
Minimum (zoomed out) 1:150,000,000

VA_RESPONSE_AGENCY_EMS

File Geodatabase Feature Class

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Summary

The statewide seamless EMS Response Agency is critical to the effective and efficient coordination and delivery of 9-1-1 services and Next Generation 9-1-1 (NG9-1-1) services and is a critical component in the development of spatial data guidelines and standards, supporting the cost-effective sharing of GIS data and expertise across the Commonwealth.

Description

The Virginia Geographic Information Network (VGIN) coordinates and manages the development of a consistent, seamless, statewide digital Emergency Medical Services Response Agency Service Boundary file that contains Emergency Service Agency Name, service area, update date and many other components. The NG9-1-1 GIS Data Plan leverages the Commonwealth's investment in the VBMP digital Orthophotography, statewide address points and statewide road centerlines datasets and is focused on creating statewide geospatial datasets that support 9-1-1 and NG9-1-1. The EMS Response Agency Boundary polygon data layer is a dynamic dataset supported and maintained by Virginia's localities and VGIN. Updates will be published at least twice a year, at the same time as other statewide datasets.

Credits

VITA, VGIN, Virginia Localities

Use Limitations

This dataset is developed and maintained by the Virginia Geographic Information Network (VGIN) in order to facilitate and support NG9-1-1 deployment planning. While every effort has been made to support the current versions of standards from the National Emergency Number Association (NENA), use of this dataset specifically for NG9-1-1 purposes should be coordinated with the appropriate NG9-1-1 Service Provider. Additionally, portions of this dataset may be exempt from disclosure under the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (FOIA).

Extent

West -83.837899 **East** -75.722738
North 39.471582 **South** 36.524413

Scale Range

Maximum (zoomed in) 1:5,000
Minimum (zoomed out) 1:150,000,000

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