Commonwealth of Virginia

Enterprise Technical Architecture [ETA]

**Electronic Records Management Topic Report**

**Information Domain**

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 **Electronic Records Management Requirements: Version History**

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| **Revision**  | **Date**  | **Description**  |
| 1.0  | 04-04-2011 | Initial report |
| 1.1 | 07-28-2016 | Update necessitated by changes in the Code of Virginia and organizational changes in VITA. No substantive changes were made to this report. |
| 1.2 | 05-09-2023 | Administrative update for accessibility |

**Review Process**

This requirements document was posted on VITA’s Online Review and Comment Application (ORCA). All agencies, stakeholders, and the public were encouraged to provide their comments through ORCA. All comments were evaluated and individual commenters were notified of action(s) taken.

**Standards and Agency Exceptions**

These standards are incorporated within the COV [Enterprise Architecture Standard (EA-225)](https://www.vita.virginia.gov/policy--governance/architecture/enterprise-architecture/enterprise-architecture-standard-ea225/), and the requirements defined within this document are mandatory for Executive Branch agencies. Agencies deviating from these requirements must request an exception for each desired deviation, and receive an approved *Enterprise Architecture Exception* via Archer,prior to developing, procuring, or deploying such technology, or not complying with a requirement specified in this document.

**Glossary**

As appropriate, terms and definitions used in this document are in the COV ITRM IT Glossary. The COV ITRM IT Glossary is available on the ITRM Policies, Standards, and Guidelines web page at the VITA website:  https://www.vita.virginia.gov/it-governance/glossary/cov-itrm-glossary/

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## Introduction

***Background***

The Commonwealth’s Enterprise Architecture (EA) is a strategic asset used to manage and align the commonwealth’s business processes and Information Technology (IT) infrastructure/solutions with the State’s overall strategy.

The EA is also a comprehensive framework and repository which defines:

* the models that specify the current (“as-is”) and target (“to-be”) architecture environments,
* the information necessary to perform the commonwealth’s mission,
* the technologies necessary to perform that mission, and
* the processes necessary for implementing new technologies in response to the commonwealth’s changing business needs.

***Definition of Key Terms***

This document presents architecture direction for agencies when planning or making changes or additions to their information technology through:

* Requirements – statements that provide mandatory Enterprise Architecture direction.
* Recommend Practices – statements that provide guidance to agencies in improving cost efficiencies, business value, operations quality, reliability, availability, decision inputs, risk avoidance or other similar value factors. Recommended Practices are optional.

## Purpose

The intent of these requirements is to guide the purchase, design, implementation, and on-going operation of COV IT services and utilized technologies.  For further information on the perspectives, please reference the most recent version of the Enterprise Technical Architecture (ETA) Requirements document.

## Authority

* [Code of Virginia, §2.2-2007](https://law.lis.virginia.gov/vacode/title2.2/chapter20.1/section2.2-2007/). Powers of the CIO
* [Code of Virginia, §2.2-2007.1](https://law.lis.virginia.gov/vacode/title2.2/chapter20.1/section2.2-2007.1/). Additional duties of the CIO relating to information technology planning and budgeting
* [Code of Virginia, §2.2-2009(A)](https://law.lis.virginia.gov/vacode/title2.2/chapter20.1/section2.2-2009/). Additional duties of the CIO relating to security of government information
* [Code of Virginia, §2.2-2012(A)](https://law.lis.virginia.gov/vacode/title2.2/chapter20.1/section2.2-2012/). Additional powers and duties related to the procurement of information technology

## Scope

This standard is applicable to all Executive Branch state agencies (hereinafter collectively referred to as "agencies") that are responsible for the management, development, purchase and use of information technology resources in the Commonwealth of Virginia. This standard does not apply to research projects, research initiatives, or instructional programs at public institutions of higher education.

In addition to the requirements below all COV IT technology solutions comply with the standards found on the VITA [Policies Standards & Guidelines](https://www.vita.virginia.gov/policy--governance/policies-standards--guidelines/) page.

**Electronic Records Management Report**

This report addresses the management of electronic records. It provides a framework to apply effective and efficient management practices to electronic records by designing the necessary features into a new or substantially upgraded IT system. Requirements introduced in this report will be incorporated into the *COV ITRM Enterprise Architecture Standard* and/or *Policy*. As appropriate, terms and definitions used in this document can be found in the COV ITRM IT Glossary which may be referenced on the VITA ITRM Policies, Standards and Guidelines web page at <http://www.vita.virginia.gov/library/default.aspx?id=537>.

**Electronic Records Management Purpose**

The Virginia Public Records Act (VPRA) was created to help ensure that the procedures used to manage and preserve public records are uniform throughout the Commonwealth. The Library of Virginia (LVA) is responsible for providing the support and guidance agencies and localities need to fulfill their obligation to maintain and make available public records throughout their life cycle. The *Code of Virginia* §42.1-85 identifies agencies as being responsible for ensuring that their public records are preserved, maintained, and accessible throughout their lifecycle, including converting and migrating electronic records as often as necessary so that information is not lost due to hardware, software, or media obsolescence or deterioration. LVA, through its Records Analysis Services (RAS), assists public entities by publishing Records Retention & Disposition Schedules1, presenting workshops, monitoring the disposal of non-permanent records, and assisting with the transfer of permanent records to the State Archives.

The *Code of Virginia* § 42.1-77 defines what constitutes a public record; and the LVA provides assistance to public entities to ensure those records are maintained, disposed of, and as appropriate available for reference to current and future generations.

The ERM is needed to provide guidance and direction to public entities to address the unique requirements for those public records that are electronic in form. The ERM is applicable to all executive branch agencies and institutions of higher education that use electronic means in creating, maintaining, using or disposing of records in support of conducting public business.

Electronic records (E-Records) are defined in the Virginia Public Records Act as follows:

"Electronic record" means a public record whose creation, storage, and access require the use of an automated system or device. Ownership of the hardware, software, or media used to create, store, or access the electronic record has no bearing on a determination of whether such record is a public record.”

The LVA also notes that those public records that are in electronic form pose their own unique challenges, and must be scheduled, maintained, and disposed of in the same manner as paper records.

The Library’s rules for managing electronic records are published on their Web site and may be found at: <http://www.lva.virginia.gov/agencies/records/electronic/index.htm>.

1 Library of Virginia, Records Management State Agency General Schedules, 2009:

<http://www.lva.virginia.gov/agencies/records/sched_state/index.htm>

## Executive Summary

The Virginia Public Records Act (VPRA) was created to help ensure that the procedures used to manage and preserve public records are uniform throughout the Commonwealth. The Library of Virginia (LVA) is responsible for defining what constitutes a public record and providing assistance to public entities to ensure those records are maintained, disposed of, and as appropriate, available for reference to current and future generations.

Public records are the output of the business and administrative processes of an agency. Records management is a process of ensuring the proper creation, maintenance, use and disposal of those records throughout their life cycle to achieve efficient, transparent and accountable governance. Records management ensures that all the records of an agency created in the conduct of official business are, and remain, authoritative and authentic.

The Commonwealth’s *Electronic Records Management (ERM) Topic Report* provides guidance and direction to public entities to address the unique requirements for those public records that are electronic in form. ERM is designed to assist agencies to identify and manage electronic records effectively and efficiently through the establishment of an appropriate set of records management controls. ERM provides a proactive framework to manage electronic records through their life cycle. It starts at the initial development stage of an automated application and continues through the retirement of any associated electronic records.

Requirements and recommended practices presented in this document establish guidance and direction for the management of an agency’s electronic records.

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## Topic-wide Principles, Requirements and Recommended Practices

The ERM is a guide that uses relevant records management procedures (i.e., context and conditions) to help business process owners identify and integrate records management related principles, requirements and recommended practices into all aspects of agency business operations. This section identifies those principles, requirements and recommended practices that cross all five electronic records life cycle phases.

**Topic-wide Principles**

The following principle is established to provide overall guidance to public entities in managing their electronic records.

 **ERM-P-01** Public electronic records are Commonwealth assets and must be effectively managed throughout their life cycle.

**Topic-wide Requirements**

The following are topic-wide requirements:

**ERM-R-01** When an agency builds a new automated system or significantly updates an existing automated system, the agency shall ensure that the system has the ability to manage records by their appropriate State Agency Records Retention & Disposition Schedules

**ERM-R-02** Agencies shall require training and education programs for all aspects of electronic records management to be an integral and ongoing component of an agency records management program.

**ERM-R-03** Agencies shall ensure that all contracts related to external providers hosting applications that contain Commonwealth identified public records have appropriate terms and conditions that require the vendor to manage those electronic records in compliance with the agency approved records retention and disposition schedule.

**Rationale**

Public records must be maintained and disposed of to comply with approved records retention and disposition schedules regardless of their format or who is maintaining the records.

**ERM-R-04** Agencies shall establish, maintain and implement procedures to ensure all public electronic records are retained until no longer needed and disposed of in accordance with their corresponding approved LVA retention and disposition schedule

**Rationale**

* + - * + Determines how long to keep electronic records to meet legal, business, an historical need, based on the agency’s approved records retention and disposition schedule.
				+ Confirms the agency approved records retention schedule and disposition authority, which identifies its business records in any format including electronic.
				+ Ensures procedures are in place to allow the application of retention schedules so that records that have met retention requirements can be identified and disposed of according to their corresponding retention schedule.

**ERM-R-05** Agencies shall take appropriate measures to ensure electronic records are accessible for as long as required by their approved records retention and disposition schedule. Measures could include but are not limited to maintaining the hardware, software and media necessary to access the records; maintaining the pertinent technical expertise, manuals and documentation required to use this hardware, software, and media in order to access the records; refreshing electronic storage media; or converting those records to a different format that makes the records accessible.

**Rationale**

 Ensures that electronic records are stored on appropriate devices based on business needs, preservation requirements, and costs.

 Ensures regular integrity checks on performed electronic storage devices.

 Ensures electronic storage media are monitored and periodically refreshed to prevent data loss through media degradation and obsolescence.

**ERM-R-06** When existing systems are replaced or upgraded, agencies shall ensure electronic records stored in the old system are either:

1. maintained and managed in the old system until appropriately disposed according to their applicable retention and disposition schedules; or
2. migrated and managed in the new system until appropriately disposed according to their applicable retention and disposition schedules.

**Rationale**

* + - * + Ensures an approach to preserving electronic records has been selected based on business needs, how well the approach will serve them and the agency’s capacity to support the approach (financially and technically) in the long term.
				+ Ensures preservation strategies are implemented and proactively promulgated to relevant staff such as, business owners, IT management and records management.
				+ Ensures electronic records and associated metadata are usable and accessible with current and future technology
				+ Ensures when electronic records are transferred between agencies, the records and associated metadata are

transferred in data formats that are accessible and functional for the receiving agency

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## Life Cycles Phases of Electronic Records

The remainder of this report is organized by phases associated with the normal life cycle of an electronic record. The following phases include requirements pertaining to electronic records management that have been published by nationally and internationally recognized standards-setting organizations.

**Create Phase**

The create phase begins at the point in time when a public record is first created in an electronic format and stored in an automated system.

Requirements related to the create phase include the following:

**ERM-R-07** Each electronic record created shall have metadata sufficient to manage the record throughout its life cycle. Types of metadata must include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. “Descriptive” metadata allows for basic identification of a record through title, author, and keywords.
2. “Structural” metadata indicates how objects are put

together, for example, how pages are ordered to form chapters.

1. “Administrative” metadata includes technical information

to help manage a document, such as file type, creation date, format, and access restrictions.

**Rationale**

* + - * + Ensures that standardized metadata is created to facilitate recordkeeping and disposition sufficient for the agency business needs.
				+ Ensures creation and capture of metadata occurs as a normal part of business process and recordkeeping operations.
				+ Ensures classification criteria have been developed to assist with titling, indexing, and retrieving electronic records.

The following is the create phase recommended practice:

**ERM-RP-01** Each agency should create and maintain an electronic records file management plan as a part of their agency file management plan.

### Rationale

Facilitates the management of electronic records. Enables accountability through full and accurate records Assists the agency to meet the legal responsibilities

mandated in the *Code of Virginia.*

 Determines how files will be arranged, categorized, accessed, and stored, whether in paper or electronic format. Having good filing practices ensures that the right file can be retrieved quickly at the right time for the lowest possible cost.

**Access Phase**

The access phase begins after a public record is initially created and stored in an electronic format. Access is defined as the right bestowed by law to access public records and includes the opportunity and means of finding, using, or retrieving information from public records stored in electronic formats.

Security controls related to sensitive information contained in electronic records and user authentication and authorization are directly related to the access phase. These controls are needed to protect electronic public records from:

intentional or unintentional damage; unauthorized access;

tampering; and

unauthorized modification.

Access phase requirements related to security controls are addressed by the current version of COV ITRM *Information Security Standard* SEC501 which can be found at [www.vita.virginia.gov](http://www.vita.virginia.gov/) . Security controls are essential to ensure:

 protection of electronic records from intentional or unintentional damage, unauthorized access, tampering or unauthorized modification;

 electronic systems are designed and managed to protect confidential

information while providing access by the public to their electronic records and record’s metadata;

 electronic records are managed according to the Library of Virginia approved retention schedule, and their metadata, are accessible and usable as

appropriate by the public;

 the infrastructure is in place to meet public and official demands for access to electronic records;

 agency procedures and practices control the appropriate assignment of access permissions to users; and

 agency procedures are in place to identify and respond to incidents or attempted security breaches of systems that create or store electronic

records.

## *Maintain Phase*

The maintain phase includes the maintenance in an unaltered form of an electronic record together with its metadata.

Requirements related to the maintain phase include:

**ERM-R-08** Agencies shall maintain an adequate electronic records disaster preparedness plan for the protection of agency electronic records and to assist in the recovery of agency electronic records from a disaster.

### Rationale

 Ensures procedures and practices are in place to minimize the risk of electronic records being lost or damaged as a result of disaster.

 Identifies vital electronic records and ensures that they receive appropriate priority in business continuity plans.

 Ensures that business continuity plans include appropriate recovery and restoration procedures for electronic records.

## *Store Phase*

The store phase occurs after an electronic record is no longer needed to support current business practices and prior to that record completing its LVA established retention period. During this period of time, the electronic record must be safely stored until such time that it can be properly disposed of. In this phase, an electronic record may be inactive or semi-active and used to support other activities such as research.

In many cases agencies will maintain electronic records in automated solution databases until those records meet their retention criteria, when they will be removed from the active files through disposition processes. This means that the same hardware, software and storage media is used for active electronic records (maintain phase) as for non-active records.

In cases where an automated solution is being shut down, upgraded, or replaced and the old solution contains electronic records that are inactive and that have not completed their established retention criteria, the agency has the choice of converting those records to the new solution and maintain them until they meet the retention criteria or keep those records in the old solution and maintain the records and the solution until those records complete the retention criteria.

The requirement related to the store phase is:

**ERM-R-09** Agencies shall store electronic records no longer needed to support current business practices but that have not satisfied their LVA established retention criteria by:

* 1. ensuring the same level of safekeeping as when the electronic records were first created and used to actively support agency business needs;
	2. ensuring that those electronic records can continue to be accessed electronically through hardware, software, and media migrations and upgrades; and
	3. ensuring the pertinent manuals and documentation required to use this hardware, software, and media in

order to access the records are maintained.

###  Rationale

 Ensures the same level of care and custody is provided to the electronic records in storage as when it was in active and working use.

 Ensures the availability of access to the electronic records while in storage by storing and, if necessary, also storing

and maintaining the hardware, software, and media used to access the record.

## *Dispose Phase*

The dispose phase addresses an electronic records final disposition; either destruction or permanent retention through archiving. Permanent retention of electronic records through archiving can be handled by the agency or through transfer of the records to the Archives at the Library of Virginia. Destruction of electronic records must be accomplished in accordance with LVA retention and disposition schedules and in a manner that permanently eliminates or deletes the electronic records, beyond any possible reconstruction.

Requirements related to the dispose phase include:

**ERM-R-10** Agencies shall develop and implement procedures to ensure electronic records are disposed of in a timely fashion as scheduled by their retention and disposition schedules.

### Rationale

 Electronic records in the possession of an agency that meet their retention schedule for disposition criteria and that have not been disposed of in a timely manner per their retention and disposition schedules are subject to FIOA requests and legal holds.

The exceptions to destroying records in accordance with an established retention schedule are holds placed on records due to audits, litigation, investigations; or FOIA requests for information. In this document this is referred to as a “legal hold”, which is defined as a process an agency uses to protect and preserve all forms of relevant information related to an audit, FOIA request, or when litigation is reasonably anticipated or in progress. If records become part of an audit, litigation, or investigation, the retention period does not change. When the hold is lifted the retention period picks up as if the hold never occurred. Therefore, if a retention period expired while a record was on hold, the record should be destroyed immediately after the hold is lifted.

**ERM-R-11** Agencies shall identify all records custodians (staff and/or vendors) that might have electronic records subject to a litigation hold and ensure that the custodians are aware of their preservation responsibilities.

**ERM-R-12** Agencies shall develop and implement procedures to ensure all electronic records identified and documented as related to a specific legal hold event be preserved and protected. This includes ensuring that those records will not be destroyed or reformatted until the event resulting in the records legal hold has concluded and all appeal periods are exhausted even if the duration exceeds the relevant records retention and disposition schedule.

When disposing of electronic records either for archiving purposes or to permanently destroy records, agencies must ensure that those records are totally removed from their storage devices in such a manner that the information contained in those records cannot be reconstructed. VITA’s Commonwealth Security has several security related standards that contain requirements related to effectively removing data from storage devices that must be followed.

## Reference

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